

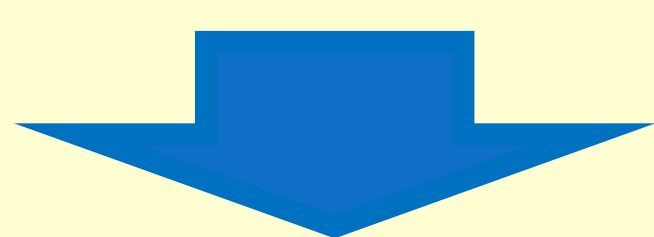
Real-Time Tracking of Origami with Physics Simulator Considering Fold Lines

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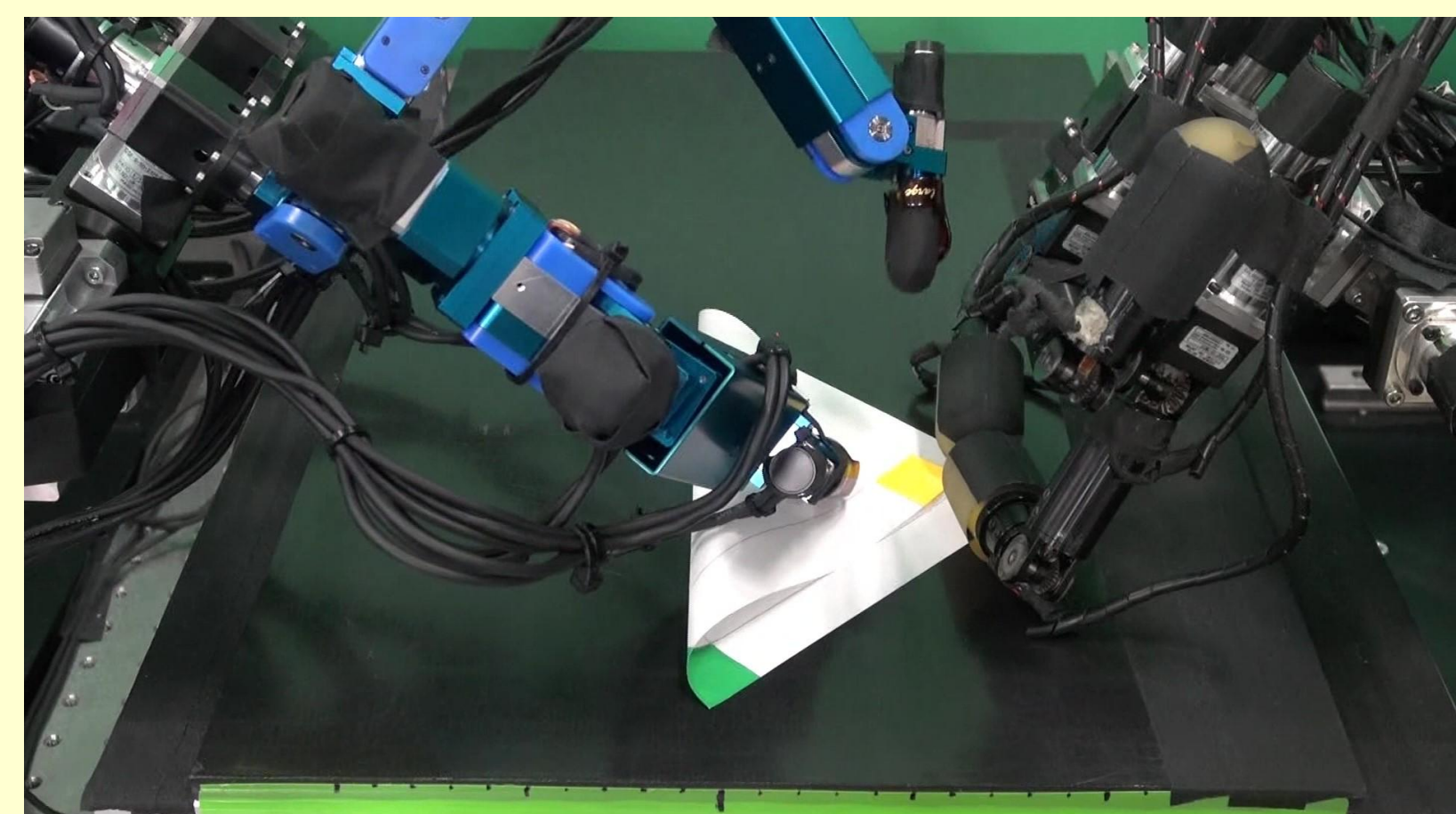
<https://www.em.eng.chiba-u.jp/~namiki/>

Robotic Origami Folding

- **Difference from cloth or rope:**
 - Bending elasticity
 - Plastic Deformation (Fold line)
- Succeeded in twice valley triangular folds

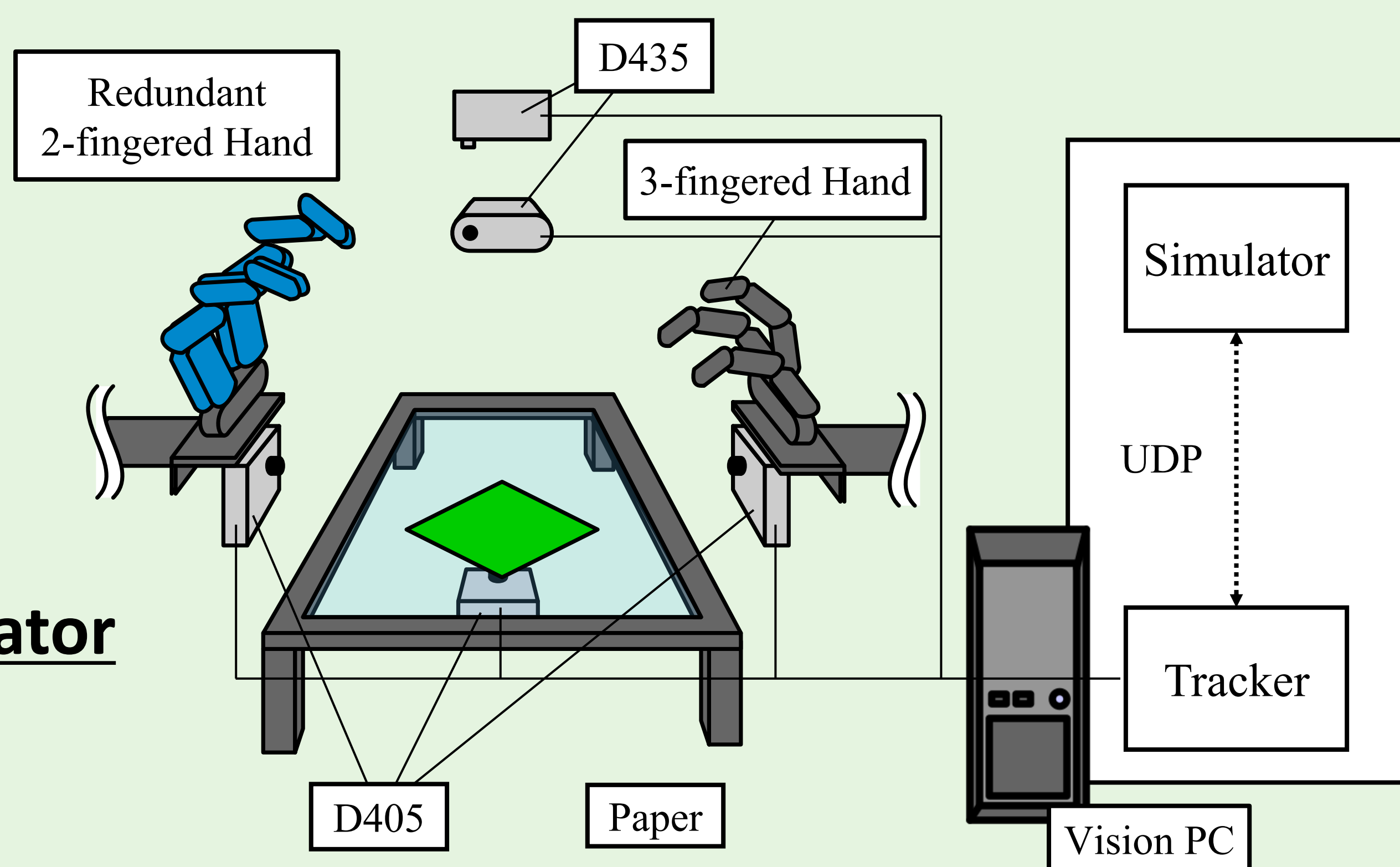


- Paper Shape Recognition
 - Difficulty with complex



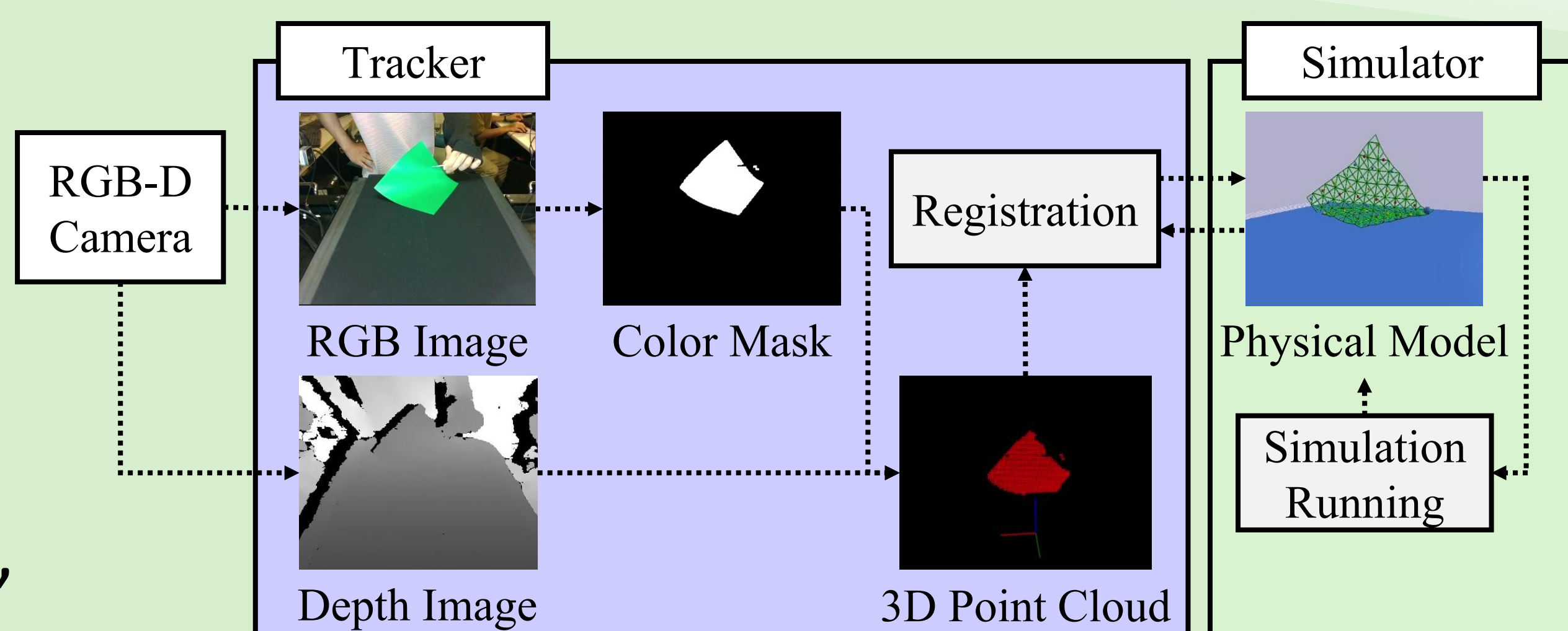
Paper-Shape Tracking System

- RGB-D Sensor
 - Intel RealSense D435 (overhead, rear)
 - Intel RealSense D405 (left, right, below)
- Real-time Digital Twin Simulator



System Overview

- Paper Detection
 - mask from RGB image
 - obtain 3D Point Cloud Data
- Simulation
 - Predict paper's 3D deformation
- Point Cloud Registration
 - Match the "model PCD" to "observed PCD"
 - Coherent Point Drift (CPD)



Processing Pipeline

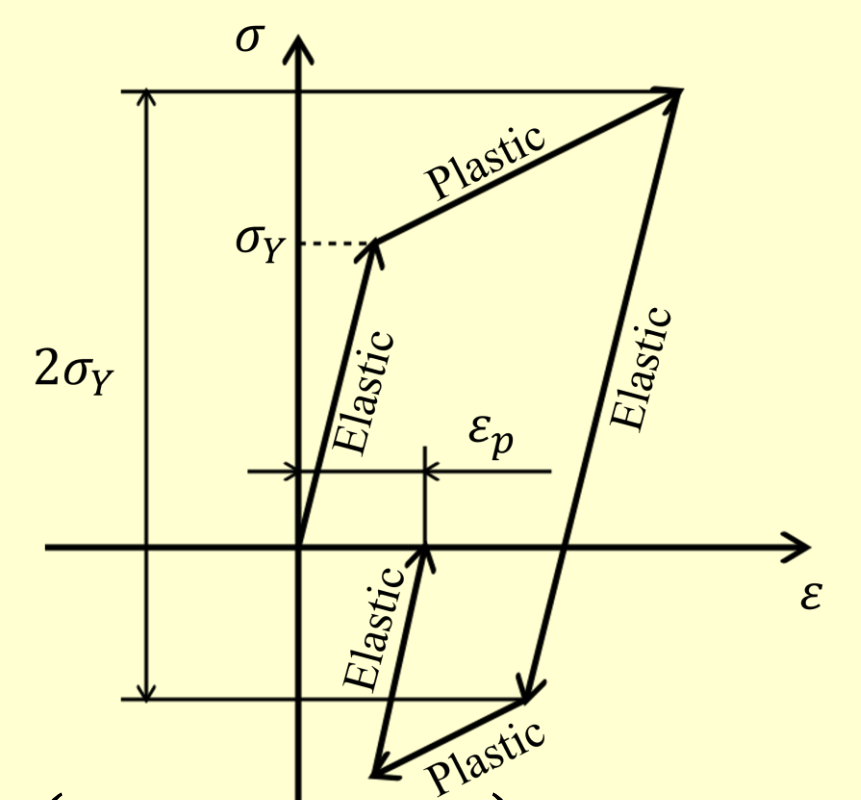
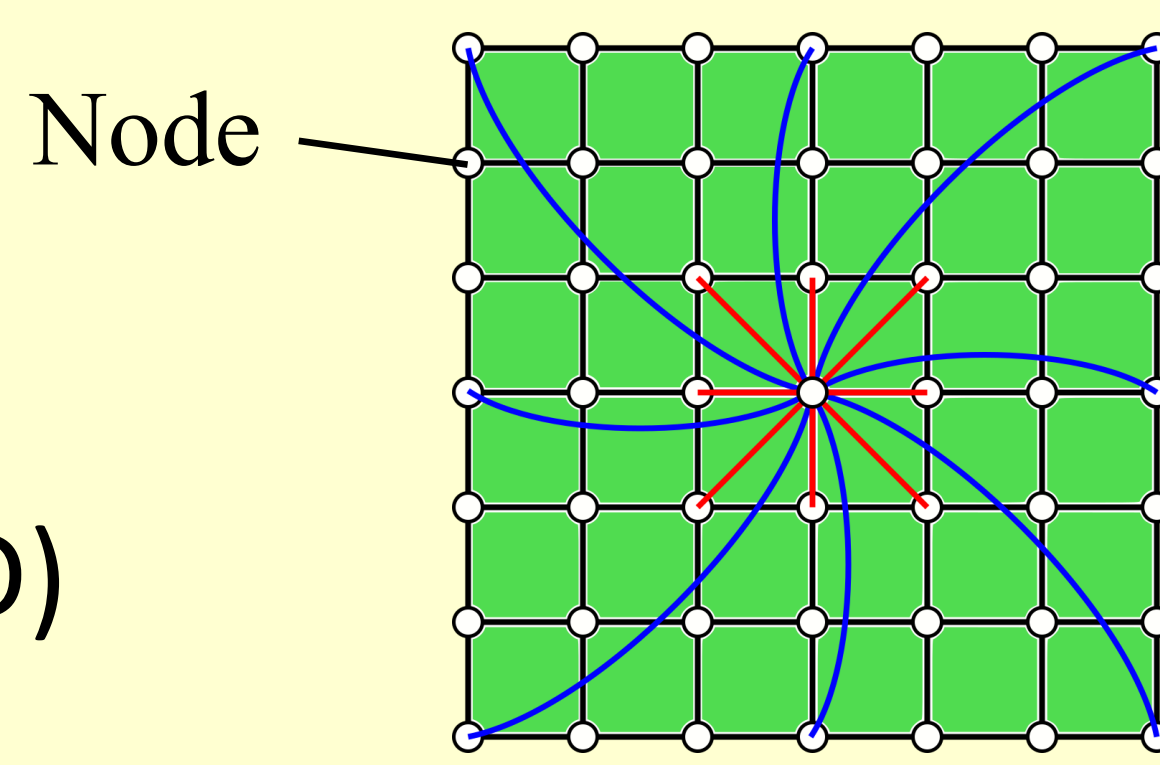
Simulator

- **Realtime Simulation**

- Substep Extended
- Position Based Dynamics (XPBD)

- **Physical Model**

- Mass-link array model (spring, damper)
- **Elastoplastic** spring ($\alpha, \Delta l_p$)



$$\Delta x_j = \frac{|\Delta p| - (l + \Delta l_p) - \gamma \Delta p \cdot (x_{j_{new}} - x_{j_{old}}) / |\Delta p|}{m_j \left(m_1^{-1} + m_2^{-1} + \frac{\alpha}{\Delta t_s^2} \right)} \frac{\Delta p}{|\Delta p|}$$

Position update by link constraints ($\Delta p = x_i - x_j$)

Damper β : $\gamma = \alpha \beta / \Delta t_s^2$

Plasticity Localization

- **Trade-off in plasticity**

- Deformability
- Robustness

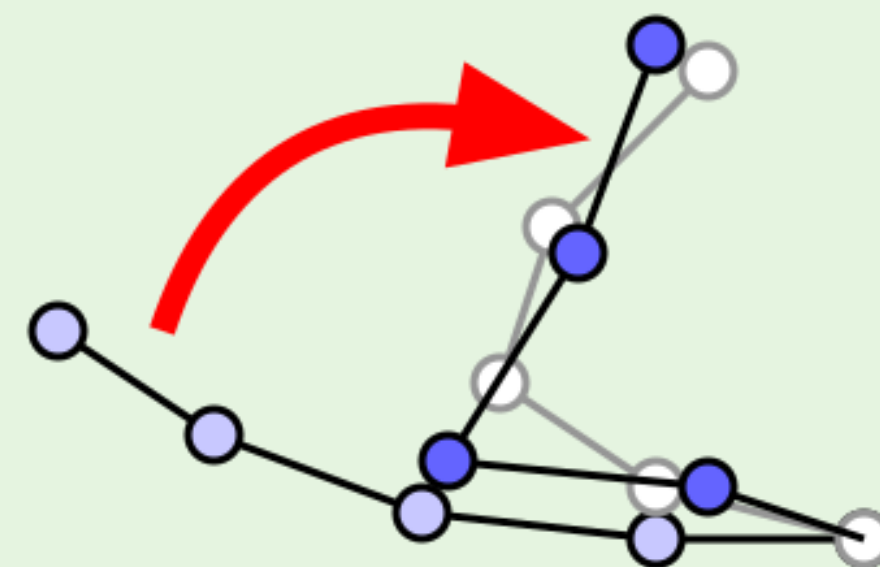


- **Detect fold line as cluster boundaries**

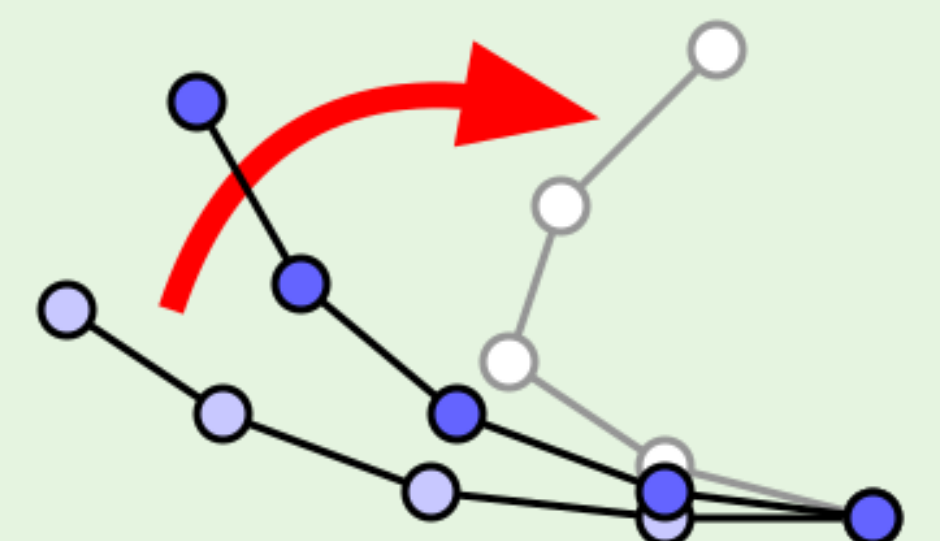
- Mahalanobis k-means clustering
- Cluster constraint: Planer distributions

- **Plasticity applied only fold lines**

- Link has **different** cluster endpoints
= **Fold line. Apply plasticity**
- Link has **same** cluster endpoints
= **Plane. Reset plasticity**



High plasticity



Low plasticity

- Node Position Data (3D + **2D**)
 $x = (x, y, z, u, v)$ **parametric**

- Mahalanobis Distance

$$d_M(x, \mu) = \sqrt{(x - \mu)^T \Sigma (x - \mu)}$$

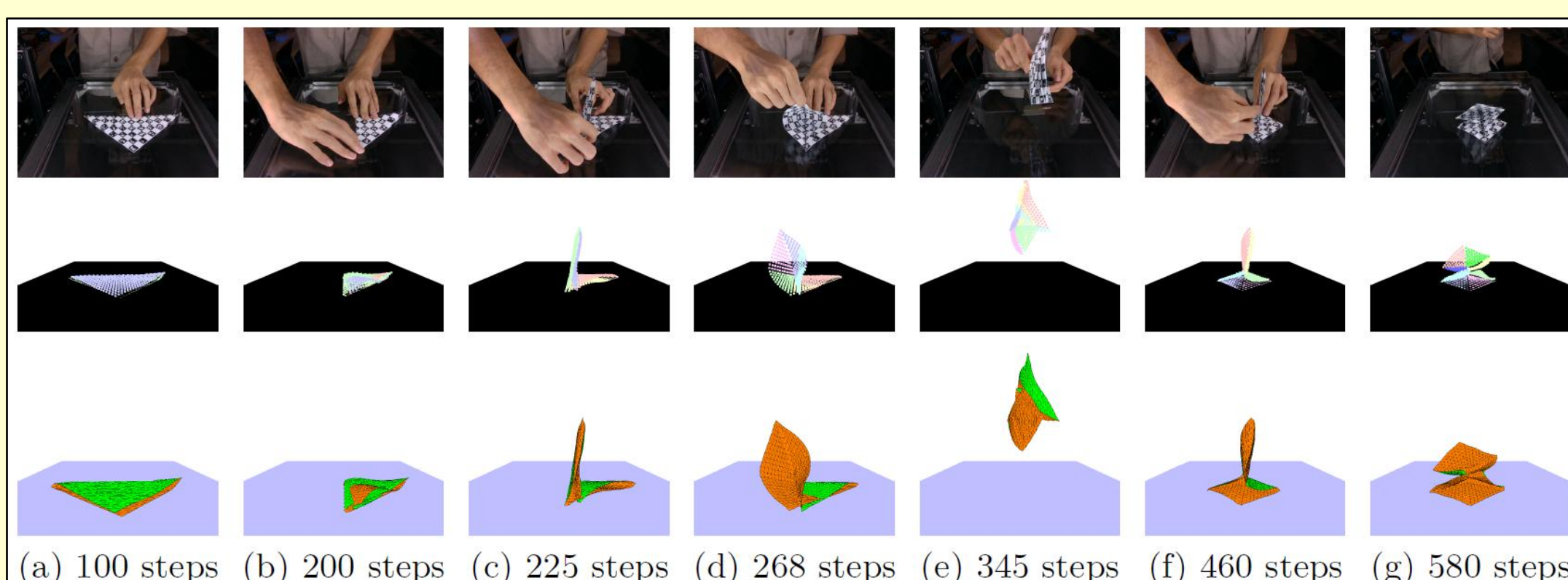
- Principal Component Analysis

$$\Sigma = W^T \Lambda W$$

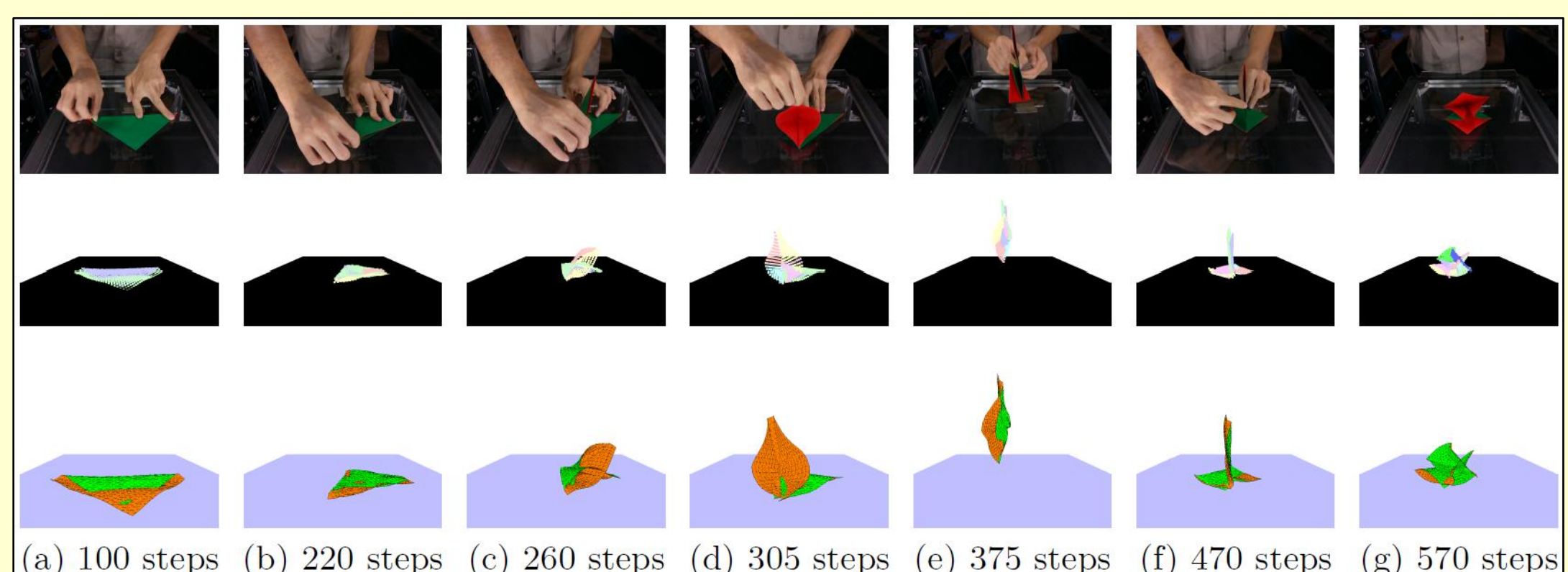
$$\Lambda = \text{diag}(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \lambda_5)$$

→ replace with small constant

Experiment



ArUco Tracking



CPD Tracking

- **Results & Contributions**

- **Success in square-base folding** (more complex than valley triangular folds)

- **Limitations**

- **Model tunneling has occurred**
- **Heuristic parameter tuning**
- **Low speed (approximately 5 Hz)**

- **Future Work**

- Address model tunneling problem
- Optimizing system parameters
- Accelerating processing